





| Name of the<br>Structure | Bantayog Shrine   |
|--------------------------|---|
| Other Names              | Sta Isabel Shrine/ PInaglabanan Shrine  |
| Location                 | Pinaglabanan Road, Brgy. Sta. Isabel, San Pablo City, Laguna,4000<br>14.09197, 121.35508  |
| Use Key Map              | NUMBER SEA AVVINTION CHARGES<br>INVESTIGATES SAFA AVVINTION CHARGES<br>INVESTIGATES SAFA AVVINTION CHARGES<br>INVESTIGATES<br>INVESTIGATES  |
| How to get<br>there      | From Manila Take a Bus with a route to Lucena then dropped off at SPC Medical<br>Center then cross the other side of the Maharlika Highway then rode a Jeep going<br>to the City proper, across was the 7 Eleven convenient stores beside is the<br>jeepney terminal going to Brgy. Sta Isabel, Instruct the driver to dropped you off<br>at Pinaglabanan road, another 15 min walk before reaching the Shrine. |

| Pictures                        |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Ownerships<br>and<br>Provenance | Local Government of San Pablo, Laguna  |
| Statutory                       |  |
| Control<br>History of the       | Local Ordinance 53-2018  |
| Structure                       | The shrine was built between 1994 to 1997 under Barangay Chairman Leopoldo<br>C. Pasco to commemorate the heroism of the Guerilla group called Markings<br>Fil-Am. Filipino-American Guerilla unit under Col. Gertrudo San Pedro valiantly<br>fought the invading Japanese imperial Forces during WWII.  |
| Usage of the<br>Structure       | Shrine   |
| Significance                    | HistoricalDuring the Japanese occupation, on the early morning of November 22, 1944,<br>at the historic spot, the marking's Filipino – American Guerilla Unit under the<br>command of Col. Gertrudo San Pedro although outnumbered, valiantly fought<br>the raiding Japanese imperial forces.Their deaths and sacrifices in the name of freedom and democracy, were not in<br>vain for it subsequently sparked counter raids against the Japanese forces until<br>the final moments of allied victory.Killed in action<br>1. Rosauro A. Brinas<br>2. Eulogio Fernandez<br>3. Isabelo Maghirang<br>4. Alfonso Paulino<br>5. Domingo Recto<br>6. Major Tiradas<br>7. Felimon de Torres<br>8. Felipe Turnos<br>9. Felimon VillanuevaMissing in action<br>1. Natividad Corabo<br>2. Bella E. Exconde<br>3. Rosita B. San Pedro |

|                 | Wounded in action  |
|-----------------|--|
|                 | 1. Perfecto Billosa  |
|                 |  |
|                 | 2. Captain Cabiles   |
|                 |  |
|                 | Spiritual  |
|                 | Families who were related to these unsung heroes had a place to commemorate      |
|                 | them. Volunteerism of groups to maintain the shrine and its surrounding.         |
|                 | Social   |
|                 | The cleaning and repainting of the shrine by the Scouts Royale Brotherhood       |
|                 | (SRB) and SRB Jewels & Solitude Association. Another was the Lakbay Aral para    |
|                 | sa AMMES (Sta Isabel Elementary school Grade 6 Student)                          |
|                 | Aesthetic  |
|                 | It has an obelisk with a seal of FIL-Am Markings in front, below are marble with |
|                 | engraved story and names of the Guerilla that survived and sacrifice their lives |
|                 | during the battle.   |
|                 | 0  |
| State of        |  |
| Preservation    | In good condition. The area of concern is only on the cosmetic side.             |
| i reservation   | In good condition. The drea of concern is only on the cosmetic side.             |
| Describe the    |  |
| Threats and     | Buildings and Development (commercial)   |
| Vulnerabilities |  |
| vumerabilities  | - Encroachment / Changes to skyline  |
|                 |  |
|                 | Interpretative and visitation facilities   |
|                 | - Signage  |
|                 |  |
|                 | Major linear utilities   |
|                 | - Power lines / easements  |
|                 |  |
|                 | Pollution  |
|                 | - All types of pollution (residential / commercial) as well as garbage,          |
|                 | solid waste.   |
|                 | - Dust   |
|                 |  |
|                 | Local conditions affecting physical fabric                                       |
|                 | - Environmental or biological factors that promote or contribute to the          |
|                 | deterioration of heritage sites.   |
|                 | accentration of nontinge sites.  |
|                 | Social / cultural uses of heritage   |
|                 | The primary threat is with regards to the society's valuing of heritage.         |
|                 |  |
|                 | - Changes in values leading to new uses of heritage resources                    |
|                 | - Expansions of, or additions to current uses of heritage resources              |
|                 | Impacts of tourism (visitor (respective  |
|                 | Impacts of tourism / visitor / recreation  |
|                 | - High levels of visitation  |
|                 | - Increase of vendors  |
| 1               |  |
|                 | Governance   |

|                              | <ul> <li>Management activities</li> <li>Financial resources</li> <li>Human resources</li> </ul>   |
|------------------------------|---|
| Sources of<br>Information    | Arvin Pasco<br>Shy Subijano<br>Feb 25,2021<br>San Pablo City. Important Cultural property. Retrieved from LGU website:<br>http://www.sanpablocitygov.ph/cultural_properties?fbclid=IwAR1TByFlh56DI<br>m-XBtMF9v-ob0PAUjRyhFGziqxb6HF29iVILJQQV7JokCQ<br>List of factors affecting the properties. Retrieved from UNESCO website:<br>https://whc.unesco.org/en/factors/?fbclid=IwAR0t2NGUJRJHNdSKc8<br>VG1wNw7APhWMabwi9pzhUfSYvsVq9Ybf5DmSYFBdY |
| Date of<br>Documentatio<br>n | February 25, 2021   |
| Documented<br>By:            | Earl Gamboa & Mark Fule   |























